

8 January 2022 ASX:BCA

Thick manganese intersections from Mineral Resource extension drilling at Flanagan Bore LR1 Deposit

HIGHLIGHTS

- Assay results received from the first 20 holes in the Flanagan Bore drill program have delivered some of the thickest manganese intervals ever recorded from LR1 and include the following significant results:
 - o 40m @ 13.4% Mn from surface including (FBRC018)
 - 11m @ 20.4% Mn from 10m
 - 47m @ 10.6% Mn from 10m including (FBRC001)
 - 10m @ 14.5% Mn from 13m
 - o 26m @ 12.6% Mn from surface (FBRC016)
 - o 12m @ 16.1% Mn from 18m (FBRC015)

ASX Code: BCA

- 31m @ 11.2% Mn from surface (FBRC019)
- Manganese enriched shales now extended beyond previous drill holes at LR1 between 400m to 600m to the southwest with an overall cross-strike width of up to 800m
- The successful drill program at LR1 paves the way for a mineral resource update at LR1, expanding on the current Inferred Mineral Resource estimate of 15Mt @ 11.3% Mn
- Scoping Study activities continue with the commencement of metallurgical testwork on diamond drill core from LR1 and the engagement of key consultants
- Carawine Project JV agreement Minimum Obligation condition satisfied with the expenditure of \$750,000 and the Company now proceeding to earn 51% interest in the project tenements

Australian manganese explorer, Black Canyon Limited (the **Company**)(ASX:BCA), is pleased to announce assay results for the first 20 holes completed at Flanagan Bore targeting extensions to the LR1 deposit. The mineral resource expansion drill program encountered thick zones of manganese enriched shale to the southwest of the main LR1 mineral resource.

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Further upside is possible to the east with more assays results expected over the coming weeks and the mineralisation remains open to the west. Scoping Study activities have continued with the engagement of specialists in the key disciplines of hydrogeology and geotechnical engineering and the appointment of highly regarded independent consultancy, BatteryLimits, to manage the Scoping Study.

Black Canyon's Executive Director, Brendan Cummins, said "The assay results received from the initial drill holes at LR1 have exceeded our expectations. The outcropping, thick and continuous zones of manganese enriched shale containing shallow high-grade intervals has provided further confidence that Flanagan Bore has the potential to deliver an economic project.

"Since listing Black Canyon has had a clear strategy to define quality mineral resources and make further manganese discoveries. Our maiden drill programs at Flanagan Bore have ticked both boxes. As the Scoping Study progresses, the Company expects to be in a strong position to understand project value and potential pathways to production."

Located 120km north-east of Newman, Black Canyon's Flanagan Bore tenement is part of the Company's Carawine Project and is subject to a farm-in and joint venture agreement (the Agreement) with Carawine Resources Ltd (ASX:CWX) whereby Black Canyon can earn up to a 75% interest in the Carawine Project tenements. Black Canyon has now fulfilled the Minimum Obligation condition of the Agreement by incurring expenditure of more than \$750,000 and completing 2,000m¹. With completion of the Minimum Obligation, Black Canyon is now proceeding to earn a 51% interest in the tenements by spending the balance of \$1.5m which is likely to be achieved in the coming months.

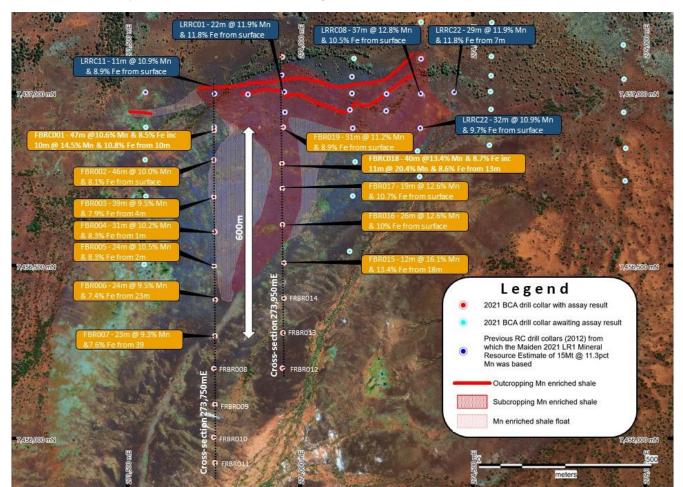


Figure 1. LR1 deposit drill plan show latest (orange) and historic (blue) assay results (BCA earning 75%)

¹ ASX Announcement – Carawine Resources: 23 December 2020 - Oakover Manganese Project Farm-in and Joint Venture Agreement



Flanagan Bore Drill Program Summary

A total of 168 RC drill holes were completed for 5,569 metres and 13 PQ diamond drill core holes were completed for 477 metres. To date, the Company has received assay results for the first 20 holes from the LR1 deposit area only. A summary of the significant results is provided below and collar details for the drill program are presented in Appendix 1.

LR1 Mineral Resource Extension Assay Results

A 900m x 200m zone was previously drill tested and an Inferred Mineral Resource estimated, comprising 15Mt @ 11.3% Mn². The assays received from the first RC drill program completed by Black Canyon at LR1 have confirmed extensions to the mineralisation to the southwest with 400m to 600m additional cross-strike width now defined. The mineralisation footprint is now 1100m long and up to 800m wide based on logging results and the assays received to date. The deposit remains open to the east and west based on 200m drill lines and 100m spaced holes. Infill drilling is planned and will be initiated as preparation for the 2022 field season commences.

Significant results are shown in plan and section in Figure 1, 2 & 3 respectively and listed below.

- 40m @13.4% Mn & 8.7% Fe from surface inc 11m @ 20.4% Mn & 8.6% Fe from 10m (FBRC018)
- 47m @10.6% Mn & 8.5% Fe from 10m inc 10m @ 14.5% Mn & 10.8% Fe from 13m (FBRC001)
- 46m @ 10.0% Mn & 8.1% Fe from surface (FBRC002)
- o 26m @ 12.6% Mn & 10% Fe from surface (FBRC016)
- o 12m @ 16.1% Mn & 13.4% Fe from 18m (FBRC015)
- 31m @ 11.2% & 8.9% Mn from surface (FBRC019)
- 19m @ 12.6% Mn & 10.7% Fe from surface (FBRC017)

FB3/FB4 Prospects

The Company is awaiting the assay results from drilling completed into FB3 (Figure 4), with the potential to deliver a second Mineral Resource at Flanagan Bore. Manganese mineralisation was encountered in all of the diamond drill holes extending along the fold axis for a strike length of 600m. The RC drilling program encountered widespread manganese mineralisation across both the FB3 and FB4 prospects covering an area 800m x 800m, using a 200m x 100m grid drill pattern. There had been no previous drilling at FB3/FB4 and the RC drill program has visually confirmed the presence of manganese enriched shales at FB3.

Appointment of BatteryLimits

Black Canyon has appointed highly regarded Australian Engineering firm BatteryLimits, to provide project support and development services, to assist the Company in developing the Flanagan Bore Manganese project. BatteryLimits is a process engineering firm providing project support and development services to mining companies in Australia and internationally for over 16 years.

They have experience across the multiple commodities including gold, base metals, iron ore, mineral sands, rare earths, vanadium and graphite, providing project development and site operational services for new projects and existing operations. Acting on behalf of Black Canyon as Scoping Study Managers, Batterylimits will oversee the metallurgical testwork program, process design and engineering,

² ASX:BCA Announcement 5 October 2021 - Maiden Manganese Resource for LR1 Prospect at Flanagan Bore



infrastructure design, cost estimates and reporting. We look forward to working closely with BatteryLimits to progress the understanding and potential of the Flanagan Bore Manganese project.

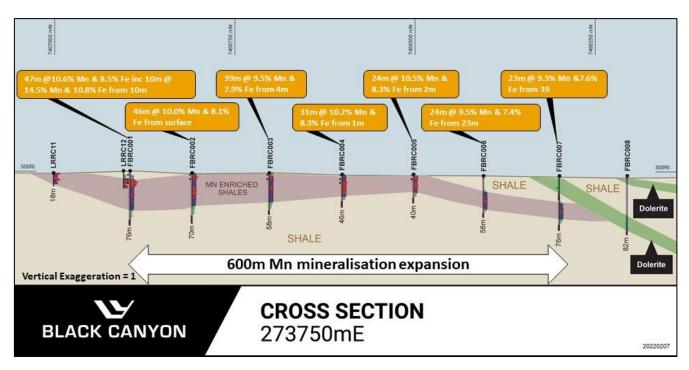


Figure 2. LR1 deposit cross section 273,750mE showing significant (looking east)

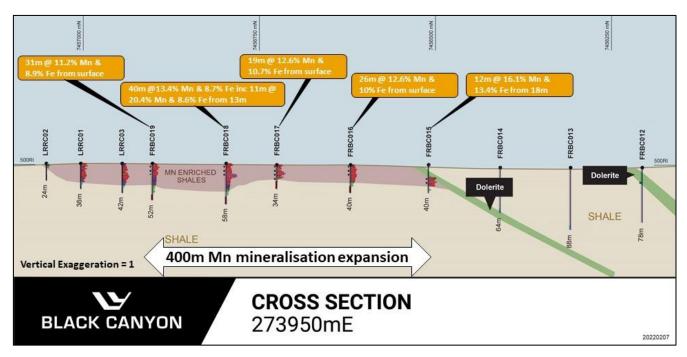


Figure 3. LR1 deposit cross section 273,950mE (looking east)



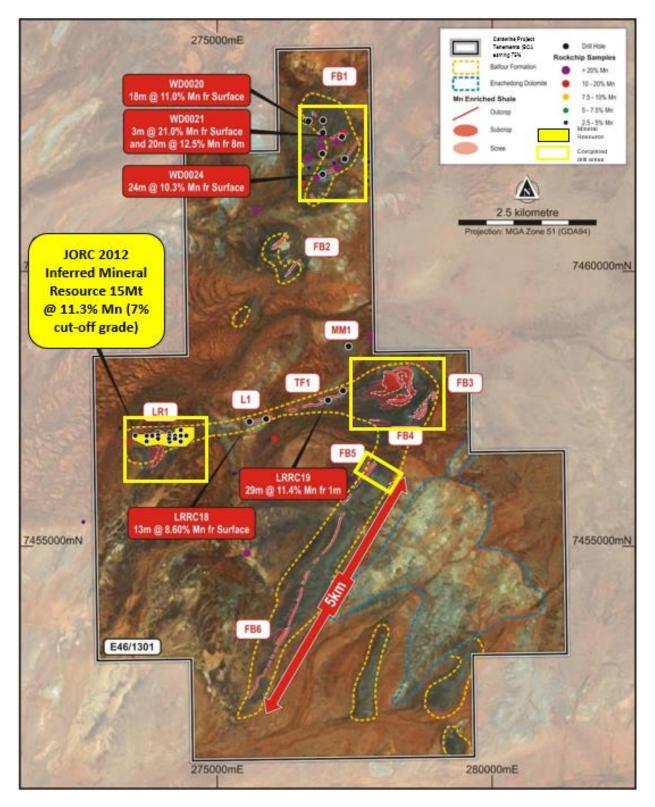


Figure 4. Flanagan Bore Project with the LR1 MRE outline and 2021 drill areas over prospective manganese targets (Black Canyon Earning to 75%)

For further information, please refer to ASX announcements dated 17 May 2021, 10 June 2021, 7 July 2021, 5 October 2021 and 4 January 2022, which are available from the ASX Announcement web page on the Company's website. The Company confirms that there is no new information or data that materially affects the information presented in the JORC Table 1 appendices that relate to Exploration Results and Mineral Resources in the original ASX announcements.



This announcement has been approved by the Board of Black Canyon Limited.

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Competent Person Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation reviewed by Mr Brendan Cummins, Executive Director of Black Canyon Limited. Mr Cummins is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and he has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which has been undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Cummins consents to the inclusion in this release of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which they appear. Mr Cummins is a shareholder of Black Canyon Limited.

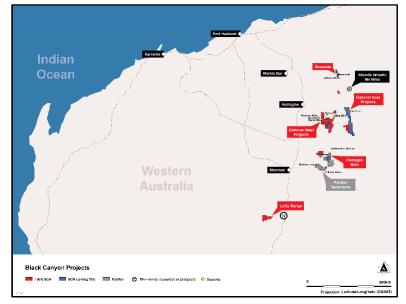
About Black Canyon

Black Canyon has entered into a farm-in and joint venture with ASX listed Carawine Resources Limited (ASX:CWX) to acquire a majority interest in the Carawine Project in Western Australia. The Carawine Project covers approximately 800km² of tenure located south of the operating Woodie-Woodie manganese mine, providing a large footprint in a proven and producing manganese belt. Black Canyon has also applied for and acquired other exploration licenses adjacent to the Carawine Project that would increase

the total land holdings to over 2500km² on grant. In addition to manganese, the Carawine Project also hosts multiple copper occurrences including the Western Star prospect which comprises a large zone of surface copper enrichment.

The Company has also secured the Lofty Range manganese project located immediately to the west of the Butcherbird manganese deposit being developed by Element 25.

Manganese and copper continue to have attractive fundamentals with growing utilisation in the battery mineral sector and challenging supply conditions.





Appendix 1. Flanagan Bore drill collar information and assay results from the first 20 holes

Hole id	East (GDA94)	North (GDA94)	RI	EOH (m)	Dip	Azimuth	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Mn (%)	Fe (%)	Results
500004			500			250				10.5	0.5	47m @ 10.6% Mn & 8.5% Fe including 10m @ 14.5% Mn &
FBRC001	273751	7456893	503	76	-90	360	10	55	45	10.6	8.5	10.8% Fe from 10m
FBRC002	273750	7456807	500	70	-90	360	0	46	46	10.0	8.1	46m @ 10.0% Mn & 8.1% Fe
FBRC003	273750	7456700	500	58	-90	360	4	43	39	9.5	7.9	39m @ 9.5% Mn & 7.9% Fe
FBRC004	273753	7456599	498	46	-90	360	1	32	31	10.2	8.3	31m @ 10.2% Mn & 8.3% Fe
FBRC005	273751	7456500	498	40	-90	360	2	26	24	10.5	8.3	24m @ 10.5% Mn & 8.3% Fe
FBRC006	273754	7456403	496	58	-90	360	23	47	24	9.5	7.4	24m @ 9.5% Mn & 7.4% Fe
FBRC007	273753	7456298	496	76	-90	360	39	62	23	9.3	7.6	23m @ 9.3% Mn &7.6% Fe
FBRC008	273750	7456204	496	82	-90	360						NSR
FBRC009	273753	7456100	496	64	-90	360						NSR
FBRC010	273750	7456005	498	64	-90	360						NSR
FBRC011	273753	7455931	498	52	-90	360						NSR
FBRC012	273948	7456205	496	78	-90	360						NSR
FBRC013	273950	7456307	496	88	-90	360						NSR
FBRC014	273953	7456407	496	64	-90	360						NSR
FBRC015	273953	7456509	500	40	-90	360	18	30	12	16.1	13.4	12m @ 16.1% Mn & 13.4% Fe
FBRC016	273949	7456620	500	40	-90	360	0	26	26	12.6	10.0	26m @ 12.6% Mn & 10% Fe
FBRC017	273948	7456725	500	34	-90	360	0	19	19	12.6	10.7	19m @ 12.6% Mn & 10.7% Fe
FBRC018	273947	7456797	502	58	-90	360	0	40	40	13.4	8.7	40m @13.4% Mn & 8.7% Fe inc 11m @ 20.4% Mn & 8.6% Fe from 13m
FBRC019	273951	7456902	502	52	-90	360	0	31	31	11.2	8.9	31m @ 11.2% Mn & 8.9% Fe
FBRC020	273948	7457105	502	40	-90	360						NSR
FBRC021	274156	7457101	504	28	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC022	274159	7456802	500	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC023	274152	7456703	502	34	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC024	274143	7456543	500	58	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC025	274353	7457592	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC026	274330	7457502	504	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC027	274350	7457407	502	58	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC028	274348	7457286	504	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC029	274350	7457206	504	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC030	274340	7456833	502	52	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC031	274346	7456759	500	52	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC032	274555	7457205	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC033	274554	7457107	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC034	274553	7457051	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC035	274551	7457005	504	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC036	274553	7456954	504	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC037	274548	7456850	504	52	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC038	274946	7457287	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC039	274936	7457140	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC040	274938	7457041	508	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending
FBRC041	274937	7456945	506	40	-90	360			0			Assays pending



FBRC042	274943	7456841	506	40	-90	360]	0		Assays pending
FBRC043	274941	7456747	506	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC044	273553	7456902	500	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC045	273551	7456808	498	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC046	273553	7456702	498	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC047	273548	7456505	498	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC048	275600	7457322	510	35	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC049	275586	7457218	506	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC050	275600	7457118	506	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC051	275590	7457018	506	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC052	278550	7458438	530	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC053	278611	7458348	530	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC054	278653	7458264	532	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC055	278710	7458180	528	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC056	278755	7458089	526	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC057	278796	7458000	524	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC058	278400	7458309	532	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC059	278436	7458257	534	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC060	278489	7458156	534	58	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC061	278533	7458078	532	46	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC062	278584	7457992	528	34	-90	360		0		
FBRC063	278633	7457900	524	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC064	278693	7457814	524	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC065	278225	7457814	532	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC066	278255	7458154	534	52	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC067	278233	7458057	532	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC068	278373	7457985	530	34	-90	360		0		
FBRC069	278414	7457885	528	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC070 FBRC071	278469 278509	7457816 7457715	526 524	22	-90 -90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC072	278546	7457656	522	16	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
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FBRC074	278095	7458044	524	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending Assays pending
FBRC076	278135	7457956		46	-90			0		
FBRC075			526			360				Assays pending
	278198	7457867	524	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC078	278245	7457785	524	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC086	278060	7457695	522	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending



FBRC087	278111	7457600	520	22	-90	360	l	0		Assays pending
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			516							Assays pending
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FBRC099	278794	7457658	524	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC102	278661	7457460	524	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC103	278713	7457372	524	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC105	278441	7457438	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC106	278498	7457349	522	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC107	278547	7457267	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC108	278581	7457171	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC109	278638	7457098	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC110	278270	7457333	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC111	278316	7457253	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC112	278370	7457160	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC114	278472	7456988	520	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC118	278153	7457147	518	24	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC128	278119	7456092	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC129	278036	7456149	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC130	277955	7456195	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC131	277862	7456251	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
. 55151	2,,002	50251	510		50	550		J		



FBRC132	277771	7456303	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
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FBRC140	276785	7461609	510	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC141	276730	7461683	512	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC142	276673	7461759	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC143	276925	7461765	514	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC144	277172	7461764	512	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC145	277110	7461857	514	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC146	277039	7461950	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC147	276979	7462012	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC148	277479	7462046	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC149	277415	7462114	516	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC150	277348	7462192	518	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC151	277284	7462261	522	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC152	277294	7462331	520	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC153	277287	7462396	522	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC154	277189	7462526	518	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC155	277194	7462627	516	16	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC156	277193	7462453	520	40	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC157	276892	7462348	522	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC158	276896	7462451	520	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC159	276900	7462522	518	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC160	276901	7462627	518	34	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC161	276853	7462780	516	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC162	276778	7462704	518	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC163	276716	7462637	522	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC164	276646	7462551	520	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC165	276369	7462828	518	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC166	276425	7462899	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC167	276486	7462969	518	22	-90	360		0		Assays pending
FBRC168	276562	7463051	514	28	-90	360		0		Assays pending

NSR - refers to No Significant Result



Appendix 2. JORC 2012 Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

	section apply to all succeeding sections.) JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Criteria Sampling techniques	Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has	The samples were collected using industry standard Reverse Circulation (RC) drill methods. Drilling was completed by McKays Drilling who completed the entire RC drill program – 168 holes for 5569m There was limited water encountered during the drill program The drilling and sample techniques are considered representative for the style of mineralisation utilising 1m sample intervals gathered directly from the RC drill rig using an adjustable cone splitter from a levelled drill rig. The target sample weight was between 2-3kg which is appropriate for the style of mineralisation
	been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	
Drilling techniques	Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	The drill type is Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling vertical holes The drill diameter us 5 ¼ inch RC using a face sampling hammer
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	Sample recovery was estimated by the geologist on the rig and secondly by assessing the weight of the representative samples delivered to laboratory The drill recoveries were deemed acceptable with supervision of the sampling at the cone splitter No sample bias due to sample loss is evident from the observed sample recoveries The samples were drilled mostly dry again minimising sample bias
Logging	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	Drillhole logging was completed at the drill rig recording lithology, texture, grain size and colour. Im chip trays were also collected in site, photographed and used to further detailed logging post the drill program The logging was considered appropriate for exploration reporting and eventually Mineral Resource Estimation Every 1m interval as logged and sieved for inspection – 5569m
Sub- sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all subsampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	 The 1m RC samples were gathered by using a levelled cone splitter of the side of the rig The samples were dominantly dry Black Canyon inserted Certified Reference Material (CRM) at a rate of 1/50, blanks at a rate of 1/50 and field duplicates from the cone splitter at a rate of 1/50 for a total insertion rate of QA/QC materials at 6% The sub sampling technique and quality control procedures is considered appropriate to ensure sample representivity The sample size is considered appropriate for the grainsize and style of mineralisation
Quality of assay data	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and	The samples were submitted to NATA accredited ALSChemex in Wangara



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
and laboratory tests	 whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	 The 2 – 3kg samples was sub-split to 750gram and pulverised with 85% passing 75µm The sample was then analysed using method ME-XRF26s for manganese ores using fusion disc XRF for Fe, SiO2, Mn, Al2O3, TiO2, P2O5, S, MgO, K2O, Na2O, CaO, BaO, Cr2O3 and ZrO2 Review of the quality control results received to date that include CRM, blanks, duplicates show an acceptable level of accuracy and lack of bias) and precision has been achieved. In addition ALSCHEMEX has undertaken its own internal QAQC checks using CRM, Blanks and pulp duplicates and no issues have been reported or identified The CP is satisfied that the analysis was completed to an acceptable standard in the context in which the results have been reported
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	 The significant intersections have not been verified by independent personnel but have been peer reviewed internally for accuracy Two of the RC drill holes completed in 2021 were designed to twin the 2012 generation of drilling. The results do not show evidence of bias and now assay data has been adjusted
Location of data points	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	 Once a drill hole was completed the drill collar was located using a GARMIN handheld GPS with an accuracy of +/- 5m The drill collars will be eventually located using a DGPS system once a suitable contractor has been engaged The grid system is UTM zone 51, GDA94 datum The topography is quite flat reflecting the underlying stratigraphy. The holes are shallow and downhole deviation is not considered material in the context of these results
Data spacing and distribution	 Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	The drill spacing of the RC drill program was approximately 200m line spacing with holes drill 100m apart The drill hole spacing is considered appropriate for this stage of initial exploration with further infill drilling planned to increase geological and mineralisation confidence No samples compositing has been applied
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	The deposit is flat and gently plunging. Drill logs and assay data have identified cross cutting dolerite dykes that may have intruded into zones of structural weakness which does appear at this early stage to terminate the prospective horizon to the south The drill hole orientation otherwise is suitable for this style of mineralisation and considered appropriate and unlikely to introduce sample bias
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	The samples were collected in bulk bags, sealed with cable ties and stored on site until the drill program was completed The samples were then trucked to Perth in two consignments and delivered directly to ALSCHEMEX in Wangara. The .bulka bags were inspected and audited by ALSCHEMEX who did not report any suspicious or tampered samples
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	 Other than internal review by Company staff no audits have been completed. The CP was on site for the duration of the R drill program and considers the sampling and sub sampling techniques to be equal to industry standard and appropriate for the style of mineralisation and the results being reported.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary				
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title	The drilling was undertaken on granted tenement E46/1382 Black Canyon has a farm-in and joint venture agreement with Carawine Resources Ltd (ASX:CWX), giving Black Canyon the right to earn an initial 51% interest and up to				



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	 interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. 	 75% in the Carawine Projects that includes E45/1382 The tenement has a native title Heritage Protection Agreement with the Karlka Nyiyaparli People that required a Heritage Survey to be undertaken prior to ground disturbing activities. To this end an Ethnographic and Archeologic survey was completed prior to commencement of site activities There are no other known impediments to exploring E46/1382
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	 Previous work on the tenure Includes exploration by Sentinel Mining Company carried out in 1968 in the general area of Balfour Downs. The exploration work included rock chip sampling from the southern edge of E46/784 which returned three samples with manganese values of 21.6 %, 25.7% and 11.4% Mn within manganese surface enrichment of Balfour Shales. Consolidated Global investment Pty Limited ('CGI') owned tenement E46/784 between 2010 and 2015 and carried out exploration work. Early reconnaissance work completed by CGI delineated many occurrences of manganese enriched outcroppings of the Balfour Formation. These north south striking outcrops were continuous over a distance of 1 km with widths of 50 m to 90 m in the LR1 Prospect area. Further exploration work completed by CGI included identification of prospective area using google images and remote sensing, a heritage survey and clearance for drilling using local Martu consultants. CGI completed a reverse circulation drilling programme of 22 holes in July 2012 on E46/784.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	 The Flanagan Bore tenement is located within the Oakover Basin, the edges of which are defined by the Neoarchaean Fortescue Group. Most of the tenement is covered by quaternary alluvium, sheetwash and outcrop only exists within the southern part and consists of rocks of the Manganese Group, mainly the Encheddong Dolomite and Balfour Formation. The tenement contains widespread manganese scree associated with manganese enriched Balfour Formation shales The LR1 prospect can be separated into three primary units, the upper unmineralised Balfour shale, the mineralised Balfour shale and the lower basal shale unit. The upper unmineralised shale is brown grey in colour and occurs from surface up to 10 m in depth intermittently across the project area. The manganiferous shale unit contains a supergene enriched manganiferous horizon which exhibits thickness range between 15 m to 37 m depth gently dipping to the south, progressively thickening to the east-south-east. The manganese layers are confined to distinct banding within the Balfour and there are also minor occurrences of interbedded red/brown shales intermixed within saprolitic clay bands.
Drill hole Information	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: a easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	Refer to Appendix 1 for a complete listing of the RC drill holes completed at Flanagan Bore by Black Canyon At the time of his release only the first 20 holes have been received and interpreted by the Company
Data aggregation methods	In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.	 Only length (1m) weighted intervals are included in the text of this release. Manganese intervals have been reported at 7% Mn cut off allowing 1 m of dilution (<7% Mn) Iron intervals have been reported as they coincide with the



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	 Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	Mn intervals and no cut offs are applied No metal equivalent values are used.
Relationship between mineralisatio n widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known'). 	 The deposit is mostly flat lying exhibiting a gentle dip of mineralisation to the south, south-west therefore 90 degree angled (vertical) drill holes considered appropriate. The mineralisation of the LR1 prospect is primarily strata bound striking approximately 80 to 90 degrees, gently dipping to the south The drill results reported are interpreted to represent close to true widths of the mineralisation
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	These have been included in the body of the release where relevant and material to the reader's understanding of the results in regard to the context in which they have been reported.
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	 Information considered material to the reader's understanding of the Exploration Results has been reported. in the body of the text and significant results have selectively been reported to provide the reader with the potential tenor and widths of the mineralisation APPENDIX 1- contains the results of the first 20 holes with holes denoted with NSR describing holes without significant manganese results.
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	All information considered material to the reader's understanding and context of the RC Exploration Results have been reported.
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	Further work is planned that includes: metallurgical testwork on diamond drill core and down hole geophysical surveys for density and lithological mapping The Company is intending to undertake a Mineral Resource Update over LR1 once all of the drill information has been received and interpreted